

PRECIOSA Pip ${ }^{\text {тм }}$
11101 346; $5 \times 7$ mm
(a)

 0

Preciosa Ornela introduces beads and seed beads from the PRECIOSA Traditional Czech Beads ${ }^{T M}$ brand.


## Cultivated anemone

Bright, colorful flowers in bloom announce that spring is here! Make radiant flowers using PRECIOSA Pip ${ }^{T M}$ beads and seed beads in the Spring/Summer 2023 color trends. Hang the bead flowers on a chain or on earring hooks. The flowers will stand out even more, if you use them to decorate a favourite sweatshirt or $t$-shirt.

## Materials and tools:

PRECIOSA Pip ${ }^{\text {TM }}(\mathbf{P})$
$11101346 ; 5 \times 7$ mm; 29568 blue; 16x
PRECIOSA Rocailles (R)
33119 oo1; 10/o; 02631 blue; 48x

- a 40 cm fine chain; a carabiner; a counter-ring; 4 mm and 6 mm rings

- a thin needle; a 0.20 mm nylon line; scissors; snipping pliers; flat nose pliers


Difficulty:
Technique: right-hand angle stitch

## Procedure:

## Step 1:

Place an $\mathbf{R}$ stop bead at the end of the line Thread the line through it one more time. String $2 \times \mathbf{R}$ and $8 \times \mathbf{P}$ onto the line with 7 sets of $3 \times \mathbf{R}$ between them. String 2 more $\mathbf{R}$ (the red line) behind the last $\mathbf{P}$.
$\qquad$
step 2


Step 2:
Continue according to the drawing (the green line). Always thread the line through the $\mathbf{R}$ next to the $\mathbf{P}$. String new $\mathbf{P}$ above the 3 XR between the $\mathbf{P}$. When adding beads under the $\mathbf{P}$, string $1 \times \mathbf{R}$ each time. After adding the $15^{\text {th }} \mathbf{P}$, remove the $\mathbf{R}$ stop bead. Thread this end of the line through the outer $\mathbf{R}$ at the beginning of the sewn circle. String $1 \times \mathbf{P}$ (the $16^{\text {th }} \mathbf{P}$ ) onto part of the line using the needle. Tie off both ends of the line.


## Step 3:

Reinforce the internal circumference. String $1 \times \mathbf{R}$ between each of the protruding R. Once all the $\mathbf{R}$ have been added, connect the circumference by once again threading the line through the initial $\mathbf{R}$. Sew it in. Hide a simple knot between the $\mathbf{R}$ (a loop that has been threaded through once). Hide the double knot in a hole in the $\mathbf{P}$ (a loop that has been threaded through twice). Thread both ends of the line through several $\mathbf{R}$ and $\mathbf{P}$. Cut them off.


Step 4:
Snip off 40 cm of chain.
Attach the carabiner and the counter-ring to the ends using 4 mm rings.
Thread the ring through the central hole and close it. You can also insert a 6 mm ring across the $\mathbf{R}$ between the $\mathbf{P}$. In this case, thread the chain through and only then close the fastening.

